

**The
Connection Machine
System**

CM-5 C* Release Notes

**Version 7.1
May 1993**

**Thinking Machines Corporation
Cambridge, Massachusetts**

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Thinking Machines Corporation
245 First Street
Cambridge, Massachusetts 02142-1264
(617) 234-1000

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Thinking Machines Corporation
Customer Support
245 First Street
Cambridge, Massachusetts 02142-1264

Telephone:

(617) 234-4000

CM-5 C* Version 7.1

Release Notes

1 About CM-5 C* Version 7.1

CM-5 C* Version 7.1 is a new release of the CM-5 C* compiler. CM-5 C* is an implementation of the C* language, as described in the *C* Programming Guide*. Version 7.1 works with CMOST Version 7.2 S2 or later. CMOST Version 7.2 Beta Patch 3 is required to remove some restrictions in support for CMFS calls on CM-5s with vector units.

The release notes are organized as follows:

- Section 2 lists changes from the Beta release of Version 7.1.
- Section 3 lists differences between CM-5 C* and CM-200 C*.
- Section 4 discusses issues in porting CM-200 C* programs to the CM-5.

To learn about restrictions in this release, see the on-line bug update report, which is by default in the file `/usr/doc/cstar-7.1.bugupdate`; if this file doesn't exist on your system, check with your system administrator.

2 Changes from the Beta Release

The final release of Version 7.1 adds the features discussed in this section to CM-5 C*.

2.1 Routines for Manipulating Pointers to Parallel Variables

A functional interface has been added that gives you access to the memory address and stride for a pointer to parallel variable, and lets you create pointers to parallel variables using this information. For a description of this interface, see Appendix C of the *C* Programming Guide*, May 1993 edition.

2.2 Interface for Calling C* Routines from CM Fortran

An interface is now available that lets you call C* routines from a CM Fortran program. For complete information and sample programs, see Chapter 2 of the *CM-5 C* User's Guide*.

2.3 Increased Performance

Several areas of the compiler have been made more efficient for the official release of Version 7.1.

2.4 CMFS_dlseek Supported as of CMOST 7.2 Beta 2

As of CMOST 7.2 Beta 2, CM-5 C* will support **CMFS_dlseek**. **CMFS_dlseek** is the same as **CMFS_lseek**, except that it takes a **double** as the argument specifying the number of bytes. A new C* CMFS library will be shipped with CMOST 7.2 Beta 2 to support this enhancement.

3 Differences from CM-200 C*

This section lists differences between CM-5 C* and C* for the CM-2 and CM-200 (referred to as *CM-200 C**). For further information on these differences, see the *C* Programming Guide*, May 1993 edition.

3.1 Restriction on Shape Sizes Removed

The CM-200 C* restrictions on shape extents are not present in CM-5 C*. The sizes of a shape's dimensions need not be powers of 2, and the total number of positions in the shape need not be a multiple of the number of physical processors that the C* program is using. The only restriction is that the size of each dimension must be greater than 0.

3.2 Different Size for Parallel bools

On the CM-5, parallel `bools` occupy 1 byte of storage, not 1 bit, as on the CM-2 and CM-200. (This change is necessary because CM-5 memory is not bit-addressable.) The semantics of using `bools` remain the same; you need not change an existing program to deal with the new size. Memory usage will go up on the CM-5, however. Also note that on the CM-5, `boolsizeof` gives a size in bytes, and is therefore exactly like `sizeof`. See Section 5.4 of the *C* Programming Guide* for more information.

3.3 Programs Can't Call Paris

CM-5 C* programs can't call Paris routines (because there is no Paris on the CM-5). CM-2-specific header files such as `<cm/paris.h>` are not available on the CM-5.

3.4 Improved Performance of Parallel Right Indexing

Parallel indexing into parallel arrays performs better in CM-5 C* than it does in CM-200 C*.

3.5 New *= and /= Reduction Operators

CM-5 C* implements the *= and /= parallel-to-scalar reduction operators.

As a binary reduction operator, *= multiplies the values of the active elements of the parallel RHS by the value of the scalar LHS and assigns it to the LHS. As a unary operator, it returns the product of the active elements of the parallel variable.

As a binary reduction operator, /= divides the value of the scalar LHS by the product of the parallel RHS and assigns the result to the scalar LHS. When it is used as a unary operator, it returns the reciprocal of the product of all active positions in the parallel variable.

3.6 ANSI Compliance

The CM-5 C* compiler is generally compliant with the ANSI standard. This means that the CM-5 C* compiler will reject some programs that previously compiled without error.

3.7 Parallel enums Are Supported

Unlike the CM-200 C* compiler, CM-5 C* supports parallel `enums`. See Section 5.6 of the *C* Programming Guide* for more information.

3.8 Limitations on Parallel Unions Removed

The limitations on parallel unions discussed on page 60 of the *C* Programming Guide*, Version 6.0.2, are removed in CM-5 C*. Note, however, that taking advantage of the removal of these limitations may make your program nonportable. See Section 5.5 of the *C* Programming Guide*, May 1993 edition.

3.9 New Versions of `read_from_pvar` and `write_to_pvar`

CM-5 C* overloads the communication functions `read_from_pvar` and `write_to_pvar` for parallel data of any length. Using these versions of `read_from_pvar` and `write_to_pvar` for aggregate data may make your program nonportable. See Section 14.4 of the *C* Programming Guide* for more information.

3.10 New `allocated_detailed_shape` Function

CM-5 C* has its own version of `allocate_detailed_shape`. For a description of it, see Appendix B of the *C* Programming Guide*.

4 Porting CM-200 C* Programs to the CM-5

Most CM-200 C* programs should port without difficulty to the CM-5. You must recompile and relink using the CM-5 C* compiler. This list summarizes the changes that you must make (when applicable) to ensure portability:

- Remove all Paris calls.
- Remove all calls to libraries not supported on the CM-5.

- Remove all include files not supported on the CM-5 (for example, `<cm/paris.h>`).
- If you express lengths in terms of bits in a function (for example, in the overloaded versions of the grid communication functions or the `get` or `send` function), rewrite the code to express the size with `boolsizeof` and the appropriate parallel type.
- Change calls to `allocate_detailed_shape` to use the new format.
- The CM-5 C* compiler disallows casts between scalar types and pointers to parallel variables. If you call `palloc()` in a CM-200 C* program without including `<stdlib.h>` (which properly declares its return type) and cast the result, the code won't compile on the CM-5. Thus, this code won't work:

```
/* No included stdlib.h file */  
  
int:current *p = (int:current *)palloc(current,  
                                     boolsizeof(int:current));
```

Change it to this so that it will work in CM-5 C*:

```
#include <stdlib.h>  
  
int:current *p = palloc(current,  
                       boolsizeof(int:current));
```